## I N F O R M A T I O N

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|  | $\mathbf{0 3 : 1}$ | $02: 1$ |  | $02: 4$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Earnings per share, SEK | $\mathbf{6 . 0 2}$ | 5.89 |  | 6.33 |
| Cash flow from current operations per share, SEK | $\mathbf{7 . 4 5}$ | 6.83 |  | 9.19 |
| Net sales, SEK M | $\mathbf{2 1 , 8 9 0}$ | 21,015 |  | 22,429 |
| Earnings after financial items, SEK M | $\mathbf{1 , 9 7 4}$ | 1,967 |  | 2,053 |
| Net earnings, SEK M | $\mathbf{1 , 3 9 5}$ | 1,365 |  | 1,468 |

${ }^{1}$ Including items affecting comparability, SEK 197 M before taxes and SEK 154 M after taxes.

## Compared with first quarter of 2002

- Earnings per share amounted to SEK 6.02 (5.89)
- Operating profit for Hygiene Products at same level as the year earlier. Packaging declined 6\% and Forest Products 23\%
- Cash flow from current operations rose to SEK $1,730 \mathrm{M}(1,585)$


## Compared with fourth quarter of 2002

- Earnings per share amounted to SEK 6.02 (6.33)
- Operating profit for Hygiene Products declined $6 \%$, but with only limited effect on operating margin. The decline for Packaging was $12 \%$ and for Forest Products $27 \%$.


## NET SALES AND EARNINGS

Earnings per share amounted to SEK 6.02 (5.89). Net earnings amounted to SEK 1,395 M $(1,365)$, including the earnings effect of the sale of shares in Metsä Tissue of SEK 154 M.

Consolidated net sales amounted to SEK $21,890 \mathrm{M}(21,015)$, an increase of $4 \%$ compared with the yearearlier period. The net effect of company acquisitions and divestments amounted to $7 \%$, while volumes and prices contributed $2 \%$. Currency movements had a negative effect of $5 \%$ on consolidated net sales.

Group operating profit amounted to SEK $2,200 \mathrm{M}(2,220)$. Excluding items affecting comparability of SEK 197 M, attributable to the sales of shares in Metsä Tissue, operating profit declined $10 \%$ to SEK 2,003 M. Operating profit for Hygiene Products was at the same level as a year earlier and amounted to SEK $1,275 \mathrm{M}(1,283)$. Operating profit for the Packaging operations amounted to SEK $691 \mathrm{M}(738)$, down $6 \%$. Operating profit of Forest Products fell $23 \%$ to SEK 407 M (532). Currency movements had a negative impact of $7 \%$ on operating profit, while the increase since year-end of current pension costs affected earnings by $4 \%$.

Operating margin for the Group was $10 \%$ (11). The margin for Hygiene Products was unchanged, $12 \%$, but declined to $9 \%$ (10) for Packaging and $11 \%$ (16) for Forest Products.

Financial items improved by SEK 27 M to an expense of SEK 226 M (expense: 253), mainly due to lower interest rates. Group earnings after financial items amounted to SEK $1,974 \mathrm{M}(1,967)$. Excluding items affecting comparability, earnings amounted to SEK 1,777 M.

Return on shareholders' equity was $12 \%$ (13), and return on capital employed was $13 \%$ (13).

## Comparison with the fourth quarter of 2002

Consolidated net sales amounted to SEK $21,890 \mathrm{M}(22,429)$, down $2 \%$. Currency movements affected net sales adversely by $1 \%$. Consolidated operating profit totaled SEK 2,200 M ( 2,318 ). Excluding items affecting comparability, earnings declined $14 \%$ to SEK $2,003 \mathrm{M}$. The operating profit for Hygiene Products declined 6\%, for Packaging 12\% and for Forest Products 27\%. Increased pension costs in the Group accounted for $4 \%$ of the decline, while currency movements only had a marginal effect.

In hygiene operations, operating profit declined, among other reasons as a result of lower prices and volumes in consumer tissue. Packaging's operating profit was adversely affected by pension costs, higher energy costs and somewhat lower volumes for protective packaging. Forest Products' lower operating profit was due to lower publishing paper prices and lower volumes.

Operating margin for the Group and Hygiene Products was unchanged, $10 \%$ and $12 \%$, respectively. Packaging's margin declined to $9 \%$ (10) and Forest Products' to $11 \%$ (16).

Financial items amounted to an expense of SEK 226 M (expense: 265).

## Earnings analysis

| SEK M | $\mathbf{0 3 : 1}$ | $02: 1$ | $02: 4$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Hygiene Products | 1,275 | 1,283 | 1,357 |
| Packaging | 691 | 738 |  |
| Forest Products | 407 | 532 | 560 |
| Other | 112 | -59 | -108 |
| Operating profit, before goodwill amortization | $\mathbf{2 , 4 8 5}$ | 2,494 | 2,595 |
| Goodwill amortization | -285 | -274 | -277 |
| Operating profit | $\mathbf{2 , 2 0 0}$ | 2,220 | -2618 |
| Financial items | -226 | -253 | 2,053 |
| Earnings after financial items | $\mathbf{1 , 9 7 4}$ | 1,967 | -574 |
| Tax | -572 | -590 | -11 |
| Minority interest | -7 | -12 | 1,468 |
| Net earnings | $\mathbf{1 , 3 9 5}$ | 1,365 | 6.33 |
| Earnings per share, SEK | 6.02 | 5.89 |  |

${ }^{7}$ Including items affecting comparability (see Other, page 7)

## CASH FLOW

The operating cash surplus amounted to SEK $3,599 \mathrm{M}(3,763)$, corresponding to $16 \%$ (18) of net sales. Net current capital expenditures during the period amounted to SEK 607 M (549), while working capital increased by SEK 698 M (667). Operating cash flow amounted to SEK 2,216 M (2,577).

Taxes attributable to operating profit amounted to SEK 323 M (739) and, accordingly, free cash flow amounted to SEK 1,893 M $(1,838)$. Cash flow from current operations - defined as cash flow before strategic investments and dividend - amounted to SEK $1,730 \mathrm{M}(1,585)$ or SEK $7.45(6.83)$ per share.

Company acquisitions amounted to SEK $544 \mathrm{M}(4,800)$ on a debt-free basis, and are related to the acquisition of Scaninge's sawmill operations and a protective packaging company in North America. Concurrently, the sale of the shares in Metsä Tissue generated SEK 650 M. Strategic investments in machinery and properties as well as restructuring measures amounted to SEK 706 M (407), of which nearly half is attributable to the ongoing tissue investment in Alabama, in the US.

## Comparison with the fourth quarter of 2002

Cash flow from current operations amounted to SEK $1,730 \mathrm{M}(2,133)$. The deviation is attributable primarily to seasonal variations in the Group's tied-up working capital.

Cash flow analysis

| SEK M | $\mathbf{0 3 : 1}$ | $02: 1$ | $\mathbf{0 2 : 4}$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Net sales | 21,890 | 21,015 | 22,429 |
| Operating cash surplus | 3,599 | 3,763 | 3,964 |
| \% of net sales | 16 | 18 | 18 |
| Current capital expenditures, net | -607 | -549 | $-1,360$ |
| \% of net sales | 3 | 3 | 6 |
| Change in working capital | -698 | -667 | 983 |
| Other operating cash flow changes | -78 | 30 | -156 |
| Operating cash flow | $\mathbf{2 , 2 1 6}$ | 2,577 | $\mathbf{3 , 4 3 1}$ |
| Tax payment ${ }^{1}$ | -323 | -739 | -912 |
| Free cash flow | $\mathbf{1 , 8 9 3}$ | 1,838 | $\mathbf{2 , 5 1 9}$ |
| Per share, SEK | 8.15 | 7.91 | 10.86 |
| Interest payment after taxes | -163 | -253 | -386 |
| Cash flow from current operations | $\mathbf{1 , 7 3 0}$ | 1,585 | $\mathbf{2 , 1 3 3}$ |
| Per share, SEK | 7.45 | 6.83 | 9.19 |
| Strategic investments, net | -600 | $-5,207$ | $-1,973$ |
| Cash flow before dividend | $\mathbf{1 , 1 3 0}$ | $-3,622$ | $\mathbf{1 6 0}$ |

${ }^{1}$ Tax attributable to operating profit.

## FINANCING

Net debt amounted to SEK $22,350 \mathrm{M}(23,899)$, a decline of SEK $1,549 \mathrm{M}$. Net cash flow amounted to SEK $1,131 \mathrm{M}$ and positive currency movements to SEK 418 M .

The Group's shareholders' equity increased during the quarter by SEK 1,001 M to SEK 48,984 M. Net earnings in the period increased shareholders' equity by SEK $1,395 \mathrm{M}$ and currency movements had a negative effect of SEK 395 M .

The debt/equity ratio amounted to 0.45 (0.57), compared with 0.49 at the beginning of the year. The interest coverage multiple was 9.7 (8.8).

## HYGIENE PRODUCTS BUSINESS AREA

| SEK M | $03: 1$ | $02: 1$ | $02: 4$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Net sales | $\mathbf{1 0 , 9 0 6}$ | 10,686 | 11,240 |
| Operating surplus | $\mathbf{1 , 8 9 5}$ | 1,859 | 2,002 |
| Operating profit, before goodwill amortization | $\mathbf{1 , 2 7 5}$ | 1,283 | 1,357 |
| Operating surplus margin, $\%$ |  |  |  |
| Operating margin, $\%$ | $\mathbf{1 7}$ | 17 | 18 |
| Volume growth, $\%$ | $\mathbf{1 2}$ | 12 | 12 |
| Consumer tissue |  |  | $-0.2^{1}$ |
| Personal care | $-3.1^{1}$ | $16.2^{2}$ | $3.6^{1}$ |
| Tissue for bulk consumers - AFH | $-0.4^{1}$ | $1.5^{2}$ | $-1.3^{1}$ |

${ }^{1}$ Compared with the immediately preceding quarter.
${ }^{2}$ Compared with corresponding period previous year.
See also pages 11-12, 17-19 and the previously reported format on pages 21-22.
Net sales amounted to SEK $10,906 \mathrm{M}(10,686)$, an increase of $2 \%$ compared with the year-earlier period. Most of the increase, 8 percentage points, was attributable to the net effect of the CartoInvest tissue company acquired in 2002 and divested operations. Organic growth, primarily in incontinence operations, lifted sales. Currency movements reduced net sales by $5 \%$.

Operating profit was marginally lower than a year earlier and amounted to SEK 1,275 M (1,283). As a result of the USD price hikes being implemented for pulp at the same time as the USD weakened, the hygiene operation's price situation for pulp was unchanged. Accordingly, company acquisitions and lower production costs could offset lower volumes and prices within consumer tissue and higher energy costs. Currency movements reduced operating profit by $1 \%$.

Compared with the fourth quarter of 2002, operating profit declined $6 \%$, due mainly to lower prices for consumer tissue and changed product mix for feminine hygiene products. Higher energy costs in the North American AFH operations also contributed to the decline. The price hikes implemented in North America in the beginning of the third quarter of 2002 have successively been eroded.

## Consumer tissue

Operating profit declined $3 \%$ to SEK 395 M (406). Lower volumes and prices offset the positive effects of reduced production costs and the acquisition of CartoInvest.

Compared with the fourth quarter of 2002 , operating profit declined $8 \%$ to SEK 395 M (431). The decline in operating profit is due mainly to lower prices and volumes as a result of intensive competition in Germany and the UK. To some extent this was offset by lower production costs.

## Personal care

Operating profit declined $3 \%$ to SEK 592 M (611). The strong volume growth in the incontinence area continued, primarily for light incontinence products, while at the same time production costs in the product area declined. However, this could not compensate for the negative effects of intense competition for feminine hygiene products in Latin America, among other factors. The trend for feminine hygiene products in Europe remained stable.

Compared with the fourth quarter of 2002, operating profit declined $3 \%$ to SEK 592 M (608), mainly due to seasonal reasons.

## Tissue for bulk consumers - AFH

Operating profit for AFH products amounted to SEK 288 M (266), an increase of $8 \%$ compared with the corresponding period a year earlier. The improvement in operating profit is due mainly to increased prices in the European operations. However, the increase was reduced by higher raw material and energy costs in the North American operations.

Compared with the fourth quarter of 2002, operating profit declined and amounted to SEK 288 M (318). Operating profit were affected favorably through organic growth in Europe but increased raw material costs adversely affected operating profit. The AFH operation in North America posted lower operating profit, mainly due to higher energy costs.

## PACKAGING BUSINESS AREA

| SEK M | 03:1 | 02:1 | 02:4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Net sales | 7,715 | 7,340 | 7,940 |
| Operating surplus | 1,100 | 1,130 | 1,195 |
| Operating profit, before goodwill amortization | 691 | 738 | 786 |
| Operating surplus margin, \% ${ }^{1}$ | 14 | 15 | 15 |
| Operating margin, $\%^{1}$ | 9 | 10 | 10 |
| Production |  |  |  |
| Liner products, kton | 635 | 628 | 618 |
| Deliveries |  |  |  |
| Liner products, kton | 639 | 628 | 605 |
| Corrugated board, $\mathrm{Mm}^{2}$ | 1,041 ${ }^{2}$ | $988^{2}$ | 1,022 ${ }^{2}$ |

${ }^{1}$ Adjusted for the external trading with linerboard, margins increase by about 2 percentage points.
${ }^{2}$ The volumes do not include volumes from protective packaging and other high-value segments.
See also pages 11-12 and 17-19.
Net sales for the period totaled SEK 7,715 M (7,340), an increase of $5 \%$. The increase was primarily attributable to acquisitions of the Stabernack and Bertako packaging companies and protective packaging companies in North America, which combined contributed $6 \%$. At the same time, higher prices contributed $3 \%$, while lower volumes reduced net sales by $1 \%$. Currency movements had a negative effect on net sales of $3 \%$.

Operating profit amounted to SEK $691 \mathrm{M}(738)$, a decline of $6 \%$. Operating profit were affected by the increase in the Group's pension costs that occurred at year-end and which primarily affected the packaging operation's extensive activities in the UK and the Netherlands. Operating profit in protective packaging were adversely affected by lower volumes. Currency movements reduced operating profit in the business area by $6 \%$. Higher raw material costs were offset by higher prices for corrugated board.

Compared with the fourth quarter of 2002, operating profit declined $12 \%$ to SEK 691 M (786). In addition to pension cost increases, SEK 60 M , higher energy costs and the lower volumes in the protective packaging area contributed to the decline. Currency movements affected operating profit only marginally.

## FOREST PRODUCTS BUSINESS AREA

| SEK M | $\mathbf{0 3 : 1}$ | $02: 1$ | $02: 4$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Net sales | $\mathbf{3 , 5 6 1}$ | 3,317 | 3,603 |
| Operating surplus | $\mathbf{7 0 3}$ | 786 | 798 |
| Operating profit, before goodwill amortization | $\mathbf{4 0 7}$ | 532 | 560 |
| Operating surplus margin, \% |  |  |  |
| Operating margin, \% | $\mathbf{2 0}$ | 24 | 22 |
|  | $\mathbf{1 1}$ | 16 | 16 |
| Production |  |  | 345 |
| Publication papers, kton | $\mathbf{3 3 6}$ | 294 | 196 |
| Solid wood products, $\mathrm{km}^{3}$ | $\mathbf{2 5 7}$ | 171 |  |
|  |  |  | 354 |
| Deliveries | $\mathbf{3 3 0}$ | 284 | 192 |
| Publication papers, kton | $\mathbf{2 3 8}$ | 165 |  |
| Solid wood products, $\mathrm{km}^{3}$ |  |  |  |

See also pages 11-12 and 17-19.
Net sales for Forest Products were $7 \%$ higher than in the year-earlier period, amounting to SEK 3,561 M $(3,317)$. The effect of lower paper prices was offset by higher volumes as a result of the new SC machine in Laakirchen and the acquisition of Scaninge's sawmill operations, which was included as of March. In addition, higher prices and volumes in the existing sawmill operations contributed to the increase. Currency movements affected net sales negatively by $4 \%$.

Operating profit amounted to SEK 407 M (532), a decline of $23 \%$. Despite increased volumes, the operating profit for publication paper operations declined due to lower prices. Pulp operations also showed a decline in operating profit due to lower internal settlement prices. In total for the business area, the negative effects of currency movements amounted to $20 \%$.

Compared with the fourth quarter of 2002, operating profit was down $27 \%$ due mainly to lower prices for publication papers and lower volumes. Currency movements had only a marginal effect on operating profit.

## Publication papers

Operating profit from publication paper operations amounted to SEK 211 M (277), a decline of $24 \%$. The market for publication papers remained weak. The sharp decline was due primarily to lower prices, but higher energy costs also contributed to the decline in operating profit.

Operating profit during the first quarter of 2003 declined compared with the fourth quarter of 2002 and amounted to SEK 211 M (305), down $31 \%$. The decline in operating profit was due mainly to lower prices and volumes.

## Pulp, timber and solid wood products

Operating profit amounted to SEK 196 M (255), a decline of $23 \%$ compared with the year-earlier period. The decline is attributable mainly to lower internal settlement prices for pulp, while solid-wood product operations increased their operating profit as a result of higher capacity utilization and higher prices.

Compared with the fourth quarter of 2002, operating profit in the first quarter was down $23 \%$ due mainly to reduced harvesting in own forests. The sawmill operations continued to show improved operating profit, through higher prices and through acquisition of Scaninge's sawmill operations.

## GOODWILL

Consolidated goodwill amounted to SEK $15,335 \mathrm{M}(17,650)$. Currency movements contributed about SEK $1,300 \mathrm{M}$ to the reduction. Goodwill is amortized over 20 years. Goodwill amortization by business areas is presented on pages 12 and 18 .

## Earnings excluding goodwill amortization

| SEK M | $\mathbf{0 3 : 1}$ | $02: 1$ | $02: 4$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | ---: |
| Operating profit | $\mathbf{2 , 4 8 5}$ | 2,494 | 2,595 |
| Earnings after financial items | $\mathbf{2 , 2 5 9}$ | 2,241 | 2,330 |
| Net earnings | $\mathbf{1 , 6 6 7}$ | 1,623 | 1,728 |
| Earnings per share, SEK | $\mathbf{7 . 1 9}$ | 7.00 | 7.45 |

## PERSONNEL

The number of SCA Group employees at the close of the quarter was 43,437 , compared with 41,618 at the close of the first quarter of $2002^{1}$. The increase was attributable to company acquisitions.

## MARKET OUTLOOK

Demand for the Group's consumer-oriented products during the first quarter remained stable. In the consumer tissue area, competitive pressure increased successively during the past quarter, particularly within in branded products in the UK and Germany. For areas depending on development within the industrial sector, the situation remains difficult to assess. However, it can be noted that the price level for converted corrugated packaging is relatively stable. A recovery in the European advertising climate has not occurred, whereby it does not appear that an improvement in the situation for the publication papers market is impending. Development in the Group's North American operations will depend on the continued economic course of event in North America, which in the short-term perspective is difficult to assess.

## OTHER

The value of the pension foundations' assets declined in the first quarter of 2003 by about SEK 0.2 billion as a result of the continued weak stock market trend.

In January 2003, SCA divested its holding of shares in Metsä Tissue to the majority owner M-Real. As a result of the transaction, SCA released capital corresponding to about SEK 650 M . The shareholding was part of the Group's capital employed. As a result of the divestment, SCA reports a capital gain of SEK 47 M. SCA's operating profit for the first quarter of 2003 were affected positively by an additional SEK 150 M , attributable to the reversal of a provision made in 2001 to cover any costs incurred in conjunction with the disposal of the minority holding, among other items.

SCA is following the Swedish Financial Accounting Standards Council's recommendation and as of this interim report, SCA is reporting in accordance with the new accounting recommendation RR25, "Reporting by segments - operating sectors and geographical areas." SCA is dividing the hygiene operations into segments (1) consumer tissue, (2) personal care ${ }^{2}$ and (3) tissue for bulk consumers - AFH. Packaging and Forest Products are being reported as previously. In the annual report, assets and cash flow will be reported for these segments. In accordance with the recommendation, the Group's sales, assets and investments will also be reported by region ${ }^{3}$.

In accordance with the guidelines in RR20, it is reported that the Group's parent company, Svenska Cellulosa Aktiebolaget SCA (publ) owns the forestlands and other fixed properties that are part of the Group's forestry operations and provide felling rights for standing timber to its subsidiary SCA Skog AB. In other respects, the parent company is a holding company whose main task is to own and manage shares in a number of business-group companies and to provide Group-wide management and administration. Operating revenues for the period January-March 2003 amounted to SEK 38 M (23) and earnings before appropriations and taxes to a loss of SEK 385 M (loss: 160). Investments in property and plant during the period amounted to SEK 15 M (5). Liquid funds at the end of the period amounted to SEK 35 M (28).

[^0]
## SHARE DISTRIBUTION

| 31 March, 2003 | Series A | Series B | Total |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Registered number of shares | $41,622,289$ | $190,579,779$ | $232,202,068$ |
| Of which treasury shares | - | $(1,775,543)$ | $(1,775,543)$ |
| Unconverted debenture loans | - | $1,169,908$ | $1,169,908$ |
| Outstanding warrants | - | $1,740,693$ | $1,740,693$ |
| Total after full conversion | $\mathbf{4 1 , 6 2 2 , 2 8 9}$ | $\mathbf{1 9 3 , 4 9 0 , 3 8 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 3 5 , 1 1 2 , 6 6 9}$ |

During the first quarter, 83,073 A shares were converted to B shares. Consequently, at the end of the quarter, the percentage of A shares had declined from $18.0 \%$ to $17.9 \%$. The conversion of shares occurred at the request of the shareholders concerned, pursuant to the conversion clause that was added to the Articles of Association in 1999.

Calculated in accordance with the recommendations of the Swedish Financial Accounting Standards Council, the effects of outstanding convertible debenture and options programs amount to a maximum dilution of $0.6 \%$, which was taken into consideration when calculating earnings per share for the period.

Stockholm, 29 April 2003

## SVENSKA CELLULOSA AKTIEBOLAGET SCA (publ)

Jan Åström
President and Chief Executive Officer

This interim report is unaudited.
The interim report for 1 January-30 June will be published on 25 July 2003.
The interim report for 1 January- 30 September will be published on 30 October 2003.
The year-end report for 1 January-31 December will be published on 27 January 2004.

## STATEMENT OF EARNINGS

|  | $\mathbf{0 3 : 1}$ | $02: 1$ | $02: 4$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | SEK M | SEK M | SEK M |
| Net sales | 21,890 | 21,015 | 22,429 |
| Operating expenses | $-18,272$ | $-17,294$ | $-18,538$ |
| Operating surplus | $\mathbf{3 , 6 1 8}$ | 3,721 | 3,891 |
| Depreciation according to plan, |  |  |  |
| properties and plant | $-1,363$ | $-1,270$ | $-1,371$ |
| Goodwill amortization | -285 | -274 | -277 |
| Share in earnings of associated |  |  |  |
| companies | 33 | 43 | 75 |
| Items affecting comparability | 197 | - | - |
| Operating profit | $\mathbf{2 , 2 0 0}$ | 2,220 | 2,318 |
| Financial items | -226 | -253 | -265 |
| Earnings after financial items | $\mathbf{1 , 9 7 4}$ | 1,967 | 2,053 |
| Income taxes | -572 | -590 | -574 |
| Minority interest | -7 | -12 | -11 |
| Net earnings | $\mathbf{1 , 3 9 5}$ | 1,365 | 1,468 |

Earnings per share, SEK ${ }^{1}$

| - before dilution effects | 6.06 | 5.92 | 6.36 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| - after dilution effects | 6.02 | 5.89 | 6.33 |
| Operating margin | $10 \%$ | $11 \%$ | $10 \%$ |
| Return on shareholders' equity | $12 \%$ | $13 \%$ | $12 \%$ |
| Return on capital employed | $13 \%$ | $13 \%$ | $13 \%$ |

${ }^{1}$ Adjusted historically in accordance with the Swedish Financial Accounting Standards Council's recommendations. The new issue of 1.8 million shares in 2001 for stock option purposes taken into account. The issue was carried out on 18 May 2001 and the repurchase of these shares was effected on 6 June 2001.

| Net earnings for the period | $1,395.0$ | 1.365 .0 | $1,468.0$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Interest on convertible debentures | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 |
| Adjusted net earnings | $1,396.5$ | $1,366.5$ | $1,469.5$ |
|  |  |  | 230.4 |
| Average number of shares before dilution | 230.4 | 230.4 | 1.2 |
| Employee convertibles | 1.2 | 1.1 | 0.6 |
| Outstanding warrants | 0.4 | 0.7 | 232.2 |

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## STATEMENT OF EARNINGS

|  | $\mathbf{0 3 : 1}$ | $02: 1$ | $02: 4$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | EUR $^{1} \mathrm{M}$ | EUR $^{2} \mathrm{M}$ | EUR $^{3} \mathrm{M}$ |
| Net sales | 2,385 | 2,294 | 2,469 |
| Operating expenses | $-1,991$ | $-1,888$ | $-2,041$ |
| Operating surplus | $\mathbf{3 9 4}$ | 406 | 428 |
| Depreciation according to plan, properties | -149 | -139 | -150 |
| Goodwill amortization | -31 | -30 | -30 |
| Share in earnings of associated companies | 4 | 5 | 8 |
| Items affecting comparability | 21 | - | - |
| Operating profit | $\mathbf{2 3 9}$ | 242 | 256 |
| Financial items | -25 | -28 | -29 |
| Earnings after financial items | $\mathbf{2 1 4}$ | 214 | 227 |
| Income taxes |  |  |  |
| Minority interest | -62 | -64 | -64 |
| Net earnings | -1 | -1 | -1 |

${ }^{1}$ The average exchange rate of 9.18 was applied in translation to EUR.
${ }^{2}$ The average exchange rate of 9.16 was applied in translation to EUR.
${ }^{3}$ Isolated quarterly amounts have been calculated as the difference between two accumulated results.

## Business areas

## NET SALES

1 January-31 March

| SEK M | $\mathbf{2 0 0 3}$ | 2002 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Hygiene Products | $\mathbf{1 0 , 9 0 6}$ | 10,686 |
| Consumer tissue | 3,817 | 3,225 |
| Personal care | 4,176 | 4,375 |
| Tissue for bulk consumers - AFH | 2,913 | 3,086 |
| Packaging | $\mathbf{7 , 7 1 5}$ | 7,340 |
| Forest Products | $\mathbf{3 , 5 6 1}$ | 3,317 |
| Publication paper | 1,764 | 1,651 |
| Pulp, timber and solid wood products | 1,797 | 1,666 |
| Other | 419 | 383 |
| Intra-group deliveries | -711 | -711 |
| Total net sales | $\mathbf{2 1 , 8 9 0}$ | 21,015 |

## OPERATING SURPLUS

1 January-31 March

| SEK M | $\mathbf{2 0 0 3}$ | 2002 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Hygiene Products | $\mathbf{1 , 8 9 5}$ | 1,859 |
| Consumer tissue | 646 | 606 |
| Personal care | 792 | 808 |
| Tissue for bulk consumers - AFH | 457 | 445 |
| Packaging | $\mathbf{1 , 1 0 0}$ | 1,130 |
| Forest Products | $\mathbf{7 0 3}$ | 786 |
| Publication paper | 426 | 468 |
| Pulp, timber and solid wood products | 277 | 318 |
| Other | -80 | -54 |
| Total operating surplus | $\mathbf{3 , 6 1 8}$ | 3,721 |

## OPERATING PROFIT

1 January-31 March

| SEK M | $\mathbf{2 0 0 3}$ | 2002 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Hygiene Products | $\mathbf{1 , 2 7 5}$ | 1,283 |
| Consumer tissue | 395 | 406 |
| Personal care | 592 | 611 |
| Tissue for bulk consumers - AFH | 288 | 266 |
| Packaging | $\mathbf{6 9 1}$ | 738 |
| Forest Products | $\mathbf{4 0 7}$ | 532 |
| Publication paper | 211 | 277 |
| Pulp, timber and solid wood products | 196 | 255 |
| Other | 112 | -59 |
| Operating profit, before goodwill amortization | $\mathbf{2 , 4 8 5}$ | 2,494 |
| Goodwill amortization | -285 | -274 |
| Total operating profit | $\mathbf{2 , 2 0 0}$ | 2,220 |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| Goodwill amortization: | $\mathbf{2 0 0 3}$ | 2002 |
| Hygiene Products | 108 | 98 |
| Packaging | 93 | 92 |
| Common | 84 | 84 |
| Group | $\mathbf{2 8 5}$ | 274 |
|  |  |  |
| OPERATING SURPLUS MARGIN |  |  |
| January-31 March |  |  |
| Percent | $\mathbf{2 0 0 3}$ | 2002 |
| Hygiene Products | $\mathbf{1 7}$ | 17 |
| Consumer tissue | 17 | 19 |
| Personal care | 19 | 18 |
| Tissue for bulk consumers - AFH | 16 | 14 |
| Packaging | $\mathbf{1 4}$ | 15 |
| Forest Products | $\mathbf{2 0}$ | 24 |
| Publication paper | 24 | 28 |
| Pulp, timber and solid wood products | $\mathbf{1 5}$ | 19 |

## OPERATING MARGIN, excluding goodwill amortization

1 January-31 March

| Percent | $\mathbf{2 0 0 3}$ | 2002 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Hygiene Products | $\mathbf{1 2}$ | 12 |
| Consumer tissue | 10 | 13 |
| Personal care | 14 | 14 |
| Tissue for bulk consumers - AFH | 10 | 9 |
| Packaging | $\mathbf{9}$ | 10 |
| Forest Products | $\mathbf{1 1}$ | 16 |
| Publication paper | 12 | 17 |
| Pulp, timber and solid wood products | 11 | 15 |


| BALANCE SHEET | 31 March, 2003 |  | 31 Dec., 2003 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | SEK M | EURM ${ }^{1}$ | SEK M | EURM ${ }^{1}$ |
| Assets |  |  |  |  |
| Goodwill | 15,335 | 1,662 | 16,093 | 1,754 |
| Other intangible assets | 768 | 83 | 757 | 83 |
| Tangible assets | 58,525 | 6,341 | 58,612 | 6,389 |
| Shares and participations | 1,717 | 186 | 2,355 | 257 |
| Long-term financial receivables ${ }^{2}$ | 3,368 | 365 | 3,478 | 379 |
| Other long-term receivables | 420 | 45 | 318 | 33 |
| Operating receivables and inventories | 25,272 | 2,738 | 24,765 | 2,700 |
| Short-term investments | 375 | 40 | 306 | 33 |
| Cash and bank balances | 2,835 | 308 | 2.520 | 275 |
| Total assets | 108,615 | 11,768 | 109,204 | 11,903 |
| Equity, provisions and liabilities |  |  |  |  |
| Shareholders' equity | 48,984 | 5,307 | 47,983 | 5,230 |
| Minority interests | 717 | 78 | 687 | 75 |
| Provisions for pensions | 2,640 | 286 | 2,596 | 283 |
| Other provisions | 11,481 | 1,244 | 12,177 | 1,327 |
| Long-term interest-bearing debt | 13,378 | 1,449 | 12,257 | 1,336 |
| Other long-term interest-free liabilities | 324 | 35 | 348 | 38 |
| Short-term interest-bearing debt ${ }^{3}$ | 12,855 | 1,393 | 15,241 | 1,661 |
| Accounts payable and interest-free current liabilities | 18,236 | 1,976 | 17,915 | 1,953 |
| Total equity, provisions and liabilities | 108,615 | 11,768 | 109,204 | 11,903 |
| Debt/equity ratio |  |  |  | 0.49 |
| Equity/assets |  |  |  | $45 \%$ |
| ${ }^{1}$ The period-end exchange rate of 9.23 (9.17) was applied in translation to EUR. |  |  |  |  |
| ${ }^{2}$ Of which, pension assets: | 2,230 | 242 | 2,339 | 255 |
| ${ }^{3}$ SCA has unutilized credit facilities with terms exceeding one year for short-term borrowing, such is used instead. The short-term inter March 2003. Comparable unutilized long-term credit facilities am bearing liabilities were SEK 15,241 M. SCA has an additional SEK with SEK 2,835 M in cash and bank balances forms the Group's lia | amount to $S$ bearing liabiliti ed to SEK 14 500 M in avail ty reserve. | 14,091 M. ies amounted 5 M at yearle committed | to the adv SEK 12,85 d and short edit facilitie | ageous terms <br> at 31 <br> m interest- <br> hat combined |

## CHANGE IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY, SEK M

|  | Jan.-March 2003 | Jan.-March 2002 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Shareholders' equity, 1 January | 47,983 | 45,983 |
| Sale of own shares | 1 | - |
| Translation differences | -626 | $-1,631$ |
| Exchange rate differences on hedging instruments | 231 | 475 |
| Net earnings for the period | 1,395 | 1,365 |
| Shareholders' equity, 31 March | $\mathbf{4 8 , 9 8 4}$ | 46,192 |

## CASH FLOW ANALYSIS

1 January-31 March

| SEK M | $\mathbf{2 0 0 3}$ | 2002 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Operating cash surplus | 3,599 | 3,763 |
| Changes in working capital | -698 | -667 |
| Current capital expenditures, net | -607 | -549 |
| Other operating cash flow changes | -78 | $-\mathbf{2 , 2 1 6}$ |
| Operating cash flow | $-2,577$ |  |
| Financial items | -226 | -253 |
| Income taxes paid | -4 | -656 |
| Other | $\mathbf{1 , 7 3 0}$ | -83 |
| Cash flow from current operations | -553 | 1,585 |
| Strategic capital expenditures, properties | -153 | -283 |
| Strategic structural expenditures | -544 | -124 |
| Acquisitions | 650 | $-4,800$ |
| Divestments | $\mathbf{1 , 1 3 0}$ | - |
| Cash flow before dividend | $-3,622$ |  |
| Dividend | $\mathbf{1 , 1 3 0}$ | - |
| Cash flow after dividend | 1 | $-3,622$ |
| Sale of own shares | $\mathbf{1 , 1 3 1}$ | - |
| Net cash flow | $-3,622$ |  |
|  |  |  |
| Net debt at beginning of period | $\mathbf{- 2 3 , 8 9 9}$ | $-23,861$ |
| Net cash flow | 1,131 | $-3,622$ |
| Effect of changed definition of net debt ${ }^{1}$ | - | -174 |
| Currency effects | 418 | 1,127 |
| Net debt at end of period | $\mathbf{- 2 2 , 3 5 0}$ | $-26,530$ |
| Debt payment capacity | $\mathbf{4 5 \%}$ |  |

[^1]
## Quarterly data

## STATEMENT OF EARNINGS

Group

|  | $\mathbf{2 0 0 3}$ | 2002 |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| SEK M | I | IV | III | II | I |
| Net sales | 21,890 | 22,429 | 22,247 | 22,355 | 21,015 |
| Operating surplus | 3,618 | 3,891 | 3,901 | 3,821 | 3,721 |
| Depreciation according to plan, |  | $-1,363$ | $-1,371$ | $-1,350$ | $-1,323$ |
| properties | -285 | -277 | -295 | -291 | $-1,270$ |
| Goodwill amortization | 33 | 75 | 43 | 57 | 43 |
| Share in earnings of associated <br> companies | 197 | - | - | - | -1, |
| Items affecting comparability | $\mathbf{2 , 2 0 0}$ | 2,318 | 2,299 | 2,264 | 2,220 |
| Operating profit | -226 | -265 | -267 | -238 | -253 |
| Financial items | $\mathbf{1 , 9 7 4}$ | 2,053 | 2,032 | 2,026 | 1,967 |
| Earnings after financial items | -572 | -574 | -569 | -608 | -590 |
| Income taxes | -7 | -11 | -7 | -14 | -12 |
| Minority interest | $\mathbf{1 , 3 9 5}$ | 1,468 | 1,456 | 1,404 | 1,365 |
| Net earnings |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\mathbf{6 . 0 6}$ | 6.36 | 6.32 | 6.10 | 5.92 |
| Earnings per share, SEK | $\mathbf{6 . 0 2}$ | 6.33 | 6.27 | 6.05 | 5.89 |

## Quarterly data

CASH FLOW
Group

|  | 2003 |  | 2002 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SEK M | I | IV | III | II | I |
| Operating cash surplus | 3,599 | 3,964 | 3,695 | 3,823 | 3,763 |
| Change in working capital | -698 | 983 | 738 | -151 | -667 |
| Current capital expenditures, net | -607 | -1,360 | -843 | -771 | -549 |
| Other operating cash flow changes | -78 | -156 | 26 | -104 | 30 |
| Operating cash flow | 2,216 | 3,431 | 3,616 | 2,797 | 2,577 |
| Financial items | -226 | -265 | -267 | -238 | -253 |
| Income taxes paid | -256 | -832 | -614 | -527 | -656 |
| Other | -4 | -201 | -8 | 143 | -83 |
| Cash flow from current operations | 1,730 | 2,133 | 2,727 | 2,175 | 1,585 |
| Strategic capital expenditures, properties | -553 | -1,839 | -327 | -374 | -283 |
| Strategic structural expenditures | -153 | -153 | -109 | -188 | -124 |
| Acquisitions | -544 | -17 | -1,689 | 23 | -4,800 |
| Divestments | 650 | 36 | 369 | - | - |
| Cash flow before dividend | 1,130 | 160 | 971 | 1,636 | -3,622 |
| Dividend | - | - | -20 | -2,016 | - |
| Cash flow after dividend | 1,130 | 160 | 951 | -380 | -3,622 |
| Sale of own shares | 1 | - | 2 | 3 | - |
| Net cash flow | 1,131 | 160 | 953 | -377 | -3,622 |

## Quarterly data Business areas

## NET SALES

|  | $\mathbf{2 0 0 3}$ | 2002 |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| SEK M | I | IV | III | II | I |
| Hygiene Products | $\mathbf{1 0 , 9 0 6}$ | 11,240 | 11,481 | 11,790 | 10,686 |
| Consumer tissue | 3,817 | 4,024 | 3,916 | 4,029 | 3,225 |
| Personal care | 4,176 | 4,317 | 4,477 | 4,554 | 4,375 |
| Tissue for bulk consumers - AFH | 2,913 | 2,899 | 3,088 | 3,207 | 3,086 |
| Packaging | $\mathbf{7 , 7 1 5}$ | 7,940 | 7,780 | 7,489 | 7,340 |
| Forest Products | $\mathbf{3 , 5 6 1}$ | 3,603 | 3,201 | 3,430 | 3,317 |
| Publication paper | 1,764 | 1,987 | 1,707 | 1,812 | 1,651 |
| Pulp, timber and solid wood products | 1,797 | 1,616 | 1,494 | 1,618 | 1,666 |
| Other | 419 | 284 | 463 | 461 | 383 |
| Intra-group deliveries | -711 | -638 | -678 | -815 | -711 |
| Total net sales | $\mathbf{2 1 , 8 9 0}$ | 22,429 | 22,247 | 22,355 | 21,015 |

OPERATING SURPLUS

|  | $\mathbf{2 0 0 3}$ | 2002 |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| SEK M | I | IV | III | II | I |
| Hygiene Products | $\mathbf{1 , 8 9 5}$ | 2,002 | 2,051 | 2,054 | 1,859 |
| Consumer tissue | 646 | 698 | 684 | 688 | 606 |
| Personal care | 792 | 823 | 895 | 879 | 808 |
| Tissue for bulk consumers - AFH | 457 | 481 | 472 | 487 | 445 |
| Packaging | $\mathbf{1 , 1 0 0}$ | 1,195 | 1,240 | 1,081 | 1,130 |
| Forest Products | $\mathbf{7 0 3}$ | 798 | 677 | 748 | 786 |
| Publication paper | 426 | 509 | 380 | 449 | 468 |
| Pulp, timber and solid wood products | 277 | 289 | 297 | 299 | 318 |
| Other | -80 | -104 | -67 | -62 | -54 |
| Total operating surplus | $\mathbf{3 , 6 1 8}$ | 3,891 | 3,901 | 3,821 | 3,721 |

## Quarterly data Business areas

OPERATING PROFIT

|  | $\mathbf{2 0 0 3}$ |  |  | 2002 |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | :---: | :---: |
| SEK M | I | IV | III | II | I |  |  |
| Hygiene Products | $\mathbf{1 , 2 7 5}$ | 1,357 | 1,419 | 1,428 | 1,283 |  |  |
| Consumer tissue | 395 | 431 | 435 | 414 | 406 |  |  |
| Personal care | 592 | 608 | 680 | 689 | 611 |  |  |
| Tissue for bulk consumers - AFH | 288 | 318 | 304 | 325 | 266 |  |  |
| Packaging | $\mathbf{6 9 1}$ | 786 | 839 | 702 | 738 |  |  |
| Forest Products | $\mathbf{4 0 7}$ | 560 | 406 | 488 | 532 |  |  |
| Publication paper | 211 | 305 | 181 | 251 | 277 |  |  |
| Pulp, timber and solid wood products | 196 | 255 | 225 | 237 | 255 |  |  |
| Other | 112 | -108 | -70 | -63 | -59 |  |  |
| Operating profit before goodwill |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| amortization | $\mathbf{2 , 4 8 5}$ | 2,595 | 2,594 | 2,555 | 2,494 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Goodwill amortization ${ }^{1}$ | -285 | -277 | -295 | -291 | -274 |  |  |
| Total operating profit | $\mathbf{2 , 2 0 0}$ | 2,318 | 2,299 | 2,264 | 2,220 |  |  |

${ }^{1}$ Goodwill amortization:

| Hygiene Products | 108 | 100 | 109 | 110 | 98 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Packaging | 93 | 91 | 100 | 96 | 92 |
| Common | 84 | 86 | 86 | 85 | 84 |
| Group | $\mathbf{2 8 5}$ | 277 | 295 | 291 | 274 |

OPERATING SURPLUS MARGINS

|  | 2003 |  | 2002 |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | :---: |
| Percent | I | IV | III | II | I |  |
| Hygiene Products | $\mathbf{1 7}$ | 18 | 18 | 17 | 17 |  |
| Consumer tissue | 17 | 17 | 17 | 17 | 19 |  |
| Personal care | 19 | 19 | 20 | 19 | 18 |  |
| Tissue for bulk consumers - AFH | 16 | 17 | 15 | 15 | 14 |  |
| Packaging | $\mathbf{1 4}$ | 15 | 16 | 14 | 15 |  |
| Forest Products | $\mathbf{2 0}$ | 22 | 21 | 22 | 24 |  |
| Publication paper | 24 | 26 | 22 | 25 | 28 |  |
| Pulp, timber and solid wood products | 15 | 18 | 20 | 18 | 19 |  |

OPERATING MARGINS, excluding goodwill amortization

|  | 2003 |  | 2002 |  |  |  | II | I |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Percent | I | IV | III | II |  |  |  |  |
| Hygiene Products | $\mathbf{1 2}$ | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 |  |  |  |
| Consumer tissue | 10 | 11 | 11 | 10 | 13 |  |  |  |
| Personal care | 14 | 14 | 15 | 15 | 14 |  |  |  |
| Tissue for bulk consumers - AFH | 10 | 11 | 10 | 10 | 9 |  |  |  |
| Packaging | $\mathbf{9}$ | 10 | 11 | 9 | 10 |  |  |  |
| Forest Products | $\mathbf{1 1}$ | 16 | 13 | 14 | 16 |  |  |  |
| Publication paper | 12 | 15 | 11 | 14 | 17 |  |  |  |
| Pulp, timber and solid wood products | 11 | 16 | 15 | 15 | 15 |  |  |  |

## Group data

## MARGINS

1 January-31 March

| Percent | $\mathbf{2 0 0 3}$ | 2002 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Operating surplus margin | $\mathbf{1 6 . 5}$ | 17.7 |
| Operating margin, excl. goodwill amortization | $\mathbf{1 1 . 4}$ | 11.9 |
|  |  | 10.6 |
| Operating margin | $\mathbf{1 0 . 1}$ | -1.2 |
| Financial net margin | $\mathbf{- 1 . 1}$ | 9.4 |
| Profit margin | $\mathbf{9 . 0}$ | -2.9 |
| Tax and minority | $\mathbf{- 2 . 6}$ | 6.5 |

## MARGINS - quarterly data

|  | 2003 | 2002 |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Percent | I | IV | III | II | I |
|  $\mathbf{O p e r a t i n g ~ s u r p l u s ~ m a r g i n ~}$ $\mathbf{1 6 . 5}$ 17.3 17.5Operating margin, <br> excl. goodwill amortization | $\mathbf{1 1 . 4}$ | 11.6 | 11.7 | 17.7 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | 11.9 |
| Operating margin | $\mathbf{1 0 . 1}$ | 10.3 | 10.3 | 10.1 | 10.6 |
| Financial net margin | $\mathbf{- 1 . 1}$ | -1.1 | -1.2 | -1.0 | -1.2 |
| Profit margin | $\mathbf{9 . 0}$ | 9.2 | 9.1 | 9.1 | 9.4 |
| Tax and minority | $\mathbf{- 2 . 6}$ | -2.7 | -2.6 | -2.8 | -2.9 |
| Net margin | $\mathbf{6 . 4}$ | 6.5 | 6.5 | 6.3 | 6.5 |

## FIVE-YEAR SUMMARY

| Full year | 2002 | 2001 | $2000^{1}$ | $1999^{1}$ | $1998^{1}$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Earnings after financial items, SEK M | 8,078 | 8,090 | 9,327 | 5,521 | 5,169 |
| Earnings per share, SEK | 24.54 | 24.05 | 30.64 | 16.73 | 16.03 |
| Earnings per share, excluding goodwill |  |  |  |  |  |
| amortization, SEK | 29.43 | 28.40 | 33.76 | 19.52 | 17.96 |
| Debt/equity ratio, times | 0.49 | 0.51 | 0.39 | 0.69 | 0.83 |
| Return on capital employed, \% | 13 | 14 | 18 | 12 | 14 |
| Return on shareholders' equity, \% | 12 | 13 | 20 | 12 | 13 |

${ }^{1}$ Adjusted historically to reflect new issues.

## Hygiene Products

## NET SALES

| SEK M | $\mathbf{2 0 0 3}$ | 2002 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Hygiene Products | $\mathbf{1 0 , 9 0 6}$ | 10,686 |
| Consumer products | 5,608 | 5,160 |
| AFH and Incontinence products | 5,298 | 5,526 |

## OPERATING SURPLUS

| SEK M | $\mathbf{2 0 0 3}$ | 2002 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Hygiene Products | $\mathbf{1 , 8 9 5}$ | 1,859 |
| Consumer products | 980 | 973 |
| AFH and Incontinence products | 915 | 886 |

## OPERATING PROFIT

| SEK M | $\mathbf{2 0 0 3}$ | 2002 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Hygiene Products | $\mathbf{1 , 2 7 5}$ | 1,283 |
| Consumer products | 628 | 673 |
| AFH and Incontinence products | 647 | 610 |

OPERATING SURPLUS MARGIN

| Percent | $\mathbf{2 0 0 3}$ | 2002 |
| :--- | :---: | ---: |
| Hygiene Products | $\mathbf{1 7}$ | 17 |
| Consumer products | 17 | 19 |
| AFH and Incontinence products | 17 | 16 |

OPERATING MARGIN

| Percent | $\mathbf{2 0 0 3}$ | 2002 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Hygiene Products | $\mathbf{1 2}$ | 12 |
| Consumer products | 11 | 13 |
| AFH and Incontinence products | 12 | 11 |

## Hygiene Products

## NET SALES

|  | 2003 | 2002 |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| SEK M | I | IV | III | II | I |
| Hygiene Products | $\mathbf{1 0 , 9 0 6}$ | 11,240 | 11,481 | 11,790 | 10,686 |
| Consumer products | 5,608 | 5,909 | 5,994 | 6,228 | 5,160 |
| AFH and Incontinence products | 5,298 | 5,331 | 5,487 | 5,562 | 5,526 |

OPERATING SURPLUS

|  | $\mathbf{2 0 0 3}$ | 2002 |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| SEK M | I | IV | III | II | I |
| Hygiene Products | $\mathbf{1 , 8 9 5}$ | 2,002 | 2,051 | 2,054 | 1,859 |
| Consumer products | 980 | 1.046 | 1.087 | 1.114 | 973 |
| AFH and Incontinence products | 915 | 956 | 964 | 940 | 886 |

## OPERATING PROFIT

|  | $\mathbf{2 0 0 3}$ | 2002 |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| SEK M | I | IV | III | II | I |
| Hygiene Products | $\mathbf{1 , 2 7 5}$ | 1,357 | 1,419 | 1,428 | 1,283 |
| Consumer products | 628 | 661 | 719 | 755 | 673 |
| AFH and Incontinence products | 647 | 696 | 700 | 673 | 610 |

## OPERATING SURPLUS MARGIN

| 2003 |  |  |  |  |  |  | IV | III | II | I |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | ---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Percent | I | IV | 18 | 17 | 17 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Hygiene Products | $\mathbf{1 7}$ | 18 | 18 | 18 | 19 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Consumer products | 17 | 18 | 18 | 17 | 16 |  |  |  |  |  |
| AFH and Incontinence products | 17 | 18 | 18 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

OPERATING MARGIN

| 2003 |  |  |  |  |  |  | I | IV | III | II | I |
| :--- | ---: | :---: | :---: | ---: | ---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Percent | $\mathbf{1 2}$ | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Hygiene Products | 11 | 11 | 12 | 12 | 13 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Consumer products | 12 | 13 | 13 | 12 | 11 |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## CASH FLOW ANALYSIS (in accordance with the Swedish Financial Accounting Standards Council's recommendation, RR7)

1 January-31 March

| SEK M | $\mathbf{2 0 0 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 2}$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Current operations |  |  |
| Earnings after financial items | 1,974 | 1,967 |
| Adjustment for items not included in cash flow | 1,110 | 1,356 |
|  | $\mathbf{3 , 0 8 4}$ | $\mathbf{3 , 3 2 3}$ |
| Taxes paid | -256 | -656 |


| Cash flow from current operations |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| before changes in working capital |  |  |
| Cash flow from changes in working capital | $\mathbf{2 , 8 2 8}$ | $\mathbf{2 , 6 6 7}$ |
| Change in inventories |  |  |
| Change in current receivables | -274 | -18 |
| Change in operating liabilities | -359 | -714 |
| Cash flow from current operations | -65 | 65 |

## Investment activities

| Acquisition of subsidiaries | -544 | $-3,199$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Divested units | $65 C$ | - |
| Acquisition of tangible and intangible fixed assets | $-1,160$ | -832 |
| Repayment of loans from external parties | 99 | 1,082 |
| Cash flow from investment activities | $\mathbf{- 9 5 5}$ | $\mathbf{- 2 , 9 4 9}$ |

Financing activities

| Sale of own shares | 1 | - |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Loans assumed | - | 1,112 |
| Amortization of debt | -783 | $-\mathbf{- 7 8 2}$ |
| Cash flow from financing activities | $\mathbf{1 , 1 1 2}$ |  |
|  | $\mathbf{3 9 3}$ | $\mathbf{1 6 3}$ |
| Cash flow for the period | 2,826 | 2,595 |
| Liquid funds at beginning of year | -9 | 106 |
| Translation differences in liquid funds | $\mathbf{3 , 2 1 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 , 8 6 4}$ |

## Press conference

SCA's interim report for the period 1 January- 31 March 2003 will be published on 29 april, 2003. A press conference will be held at 11:00 CET in Stockholm, where Jan Åström, President and CEO, will present the results. Venue: Salén Konferenser, Aulan, Norrlandsgatan 15, Stockholm

## Telephone conference

The telephone conference will be held on 29 april, 2003, at 19:00 CET, where Jan Åström will comment on the results. To participate, please call the number below at least 5 minutes prior to the conference call.
$\begin{array}{lll}\text { Dial-in number UK: } & +44(0) 2071620125 & \text { quote: SCA } \\ \text { Dial-in number US: } & +13344204950 & \text { quote: SCA }\end{array}$
The interim report and the slide presentation will be available at www.sca.com/Investors.

## Webcasting

The telephone conference will be broadcasted live (listen-only). The following day a recorded version will be available on our web site. The links will be found at www.sca.com/Investors. Requirements: Windows Media Player or Real Player.

For further information, please contact:
Jan Åström, President and CEO. Phone: +46 705860701.
Peter Nyquist, Senior Vice President, Communications and Investor Relations, Phone: +46 87885234


[^0]:    ${ }_{2}^{1}$ Including SCA's portion of joint-venture companies.
    ${ }^{2}$ Personal care includes baby diapers, feminine hygiene products and incontinence products.
    ${ }^{3}$ The regions to be reported are Europe, North America and Rest of the World.

[^1]:    ${ }^{1}$ Effective January 1, 2002, the Group changed its definition of net debt to include accrued interest expense and revenues, SEK 174 M, which were previously included in capital employed.

